

(*E*)-*N'*-(5-Chloro-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-*p*-toluenesulfonohydrazide

 Reza Kia,^a Hoong-Kun Fun^{a*} and Hadi Kargar^b
^aX-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia, and ^bDepartment of Chemistry, School of Science, Payame Noor University (PNU), Ardakan, Yazd, Iran

Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

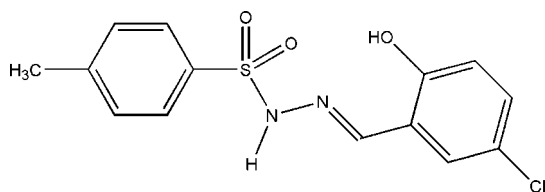
Received 6 November 2008; accepted 19 November 2008

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.031; wR factor = 0.093; data-to-parameter ratio = 26.5.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}$, features an intramolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bond which generates an $S(6)$ ring motif. Intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ close contacts link neighbouring molecules forming $R_2^2(13)$ ring motifs. In the crystal structure, molecules are further linked by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ interactions, forming one-dimensional extended chains along the c axis. The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is $86.06(3)^\circ$. The crystal structure is further stabilized by weak intermolecular $\pi-\pi$ interactions [interplanar stacking distance = $3.357(7)$ Å].

Related literature

For related structures and applications, see, for example: Kayser *et al.* (2004); Tierney *et al.* (2006); Tabatabaee *et al.* (2007); Ali *et al.* (2007); Mehrabi *et al.* (2008); Kia *et al.* (2008). For the values of bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}$
 $M_r = 324.78$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 15.7454(3)$ Å
 $b = 9.8338(2)$ Å
 $c = 9.8455(2)$ Å
 $\beta = 105.941(1)^\circ$

$V = 1465.83(5)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.41$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100.0(1)$ K
 $0.45 \times 0.38 \times 0.31$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD
 area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.836$, $T_{\max} = 0.883$

16498 measured reflections
 5274 independent reflections
 4761 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.020$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.093$
 $S = 1.10$
 5274 reflections
 199 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.44$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.38$ e Å⁻³

Table 1
 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1O1}\cdots\text{N1}$	0.75 (2)	2.00 (2)	2.6690 (13)	149 (2)
$\text{N2}-\text{H1N2}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.881 (16)	1.961 (17)	2.8375 (12)	172.8 (17)
$\text{C7}-\text{H7A}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.93	2.59	3.3679 (14)	142
$\text{C10}-\text{H10A}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{ii}$	0.93	2.82	3.7256 (12)	164
$\text{C12}-\text{H12A}\cdots\text{O3}^{iii}$	0.93	2.48	3.3549 (14)	157

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: APEX2; data reduction: SAINT (Bruker, 2005); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2003).

HKF and RK thank the Malaysian Government and Universiti Sains Malaysia for the Science Fund grant No. 305/PFIZIK/613312. RK thanks Universiti Sains Malaysia for a post-doctoral research fellowship. HK thanks PNU for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PK2133).

References

- Ali, H. M., Laila, M., Wan Jeffrey, B. & Ng, S. W. (2007). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, o1617–o1617.
 Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
 Bernstein, J., Davis, R. E., Shimoni, L. & Chang, N.-L. (1995). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **34**, 1555–1573.
 Bruker (2005). APEX2, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Kayser, F. H., Bienz, K. A., Eckert, J. & Zinkernagel, R. M. (2004). *Medical Microbiology*, pp. 1–20. Berlin: Thieme Medical.
 Kia, R., Fun, H.-K. & Kargar, H. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **E64**, o2341.
 Mehrabi, H., Kia, R., Hassanzadeh, A., Ghobadi, S. & Khavasi, H. R. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **E64**, o1845.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
 Spek, A. L. (2003). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **36**, 7–13.
 Tabatabaee, M., Anari-Abbasnejad, M., Nozari, N., Sadegheian, S. & Ghasemzadeh, M. (2007). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, o2099–o2100.
 Tierney, L. M. Jr, McPhee, S. J. & Papadakis, M. A. (2006). *Current Medical Diagnosis & Treatment*, 45th ed., pp. 1–50. New York: McGraw-Hill Medical.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o2424 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808038695]

(*E*)-*N'*-(5-Chloro-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-*p*-toluenesulfonohydrazide

R. Kia, H.-K. Fun and H. Kargar

Comment

Sulfonamides were the first class of antimicrobial agents to be discovered. Sulfonamides (sulfanilamide, sulfamethoxazole, sulfafurazole) are structural analogues of *p*-aminobenzoic acid (PABA) and compete with PABA to block its conversion to dihydrofolic acid (Kayser *et al.*, 2004). These agents are generally used in combination with other drugs (usually sulfonamides) to prevent or treat a number of bacterial and parasitic infections (Tierney *et al.*, 2006). With regard to all of the above important features, we report the crystal structure of the title compound.

The title compound (Fig. 1), is a novel sulfonamide derivative. Bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within the normal ranges and are comparable with those in related structures (Kia *et al.*, 2008; Mehrabi *et al.*, 2008; Ali *et al.* 2007). An intramolecular O—H \cdots N hydrogen bond generates *S*(6) ring motif, and the molecule adopts a 'vault' shape. Intermolecular N—H \cdots O and C—H \cdots O interactions link neighbouring molecules by $R_2^2(13)$ ring motifs. The two benzene rings make a dihedral angle of 86.06 (3)°. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked together by intermolecular C—H \cdots Cl, N—H \cdots O and C—H \cdots O interactions, forming one-dimensional extended chains along the *c* axis. The crystal structure is further stabilized by weak intermolecular π - π interactions [interplanar distance = 3.357 (7) Å].

Experimental

The synthetic method has been described earlier (Kia *et al.*, 2008). Single crystals suitable for *X*-ray diffraction were obtained by evaporation of an ethanol solution at room temperature.

Refinement

The H atoms bound to O1 and N2 were found in a difference Fourier map and refined freely. The rest of the hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model. A rotating group model was used for the methyl hydrogens. The highest residual peak (0.44 e.Å⁻³) is located 0.66 Å from O2 and the deepest hole (-0.38 e.Å⁻³) is located 0.57 Å from S1.

Figures

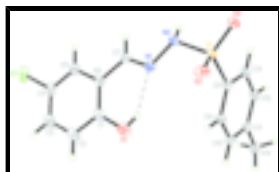


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atomic numbering scheme. The intramolecular hydrogen bond is shown as a dashed line.

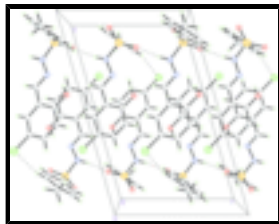


Fig. 2. The crystal packing viewed down the *b*-axis, showing one-dimensional extended chains along the *c*-axis. Intermolecular interactions are shown as dashed lines.

(*E*)-N'-(5-Chloro-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-*p*-toluenesulfonohydrazide

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{13}ClN_2O_3S$	$F_{000} = 672$
$M_r = 324.78$	$D_x = 1.472 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 15.7454 (3) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 9969 reflections
$b = 9.8338 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.7\text{--}36.2^\circ$
$c = 9.8455 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.41 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 105.9410 (10)^\circ$	$T = 100.0 (1) \text{ K}$
$V = 1465.83 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, colourless
$Z = 4$	$0.45 \times 0.38 \times 0.31 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	5274 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	4761 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.020$
$T = 100.0(1) \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 32.5^\circ$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.3^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	$h = -16 \rightarrow 23$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.836$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.883$	$k = -11 \rightarrow 14$
16498 measured reflections	$l = -14 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.093$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0458P)^2 + 0.5147P]$
$S = 1.10$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
5274 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.44 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

199 parameters

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.38 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Extinction correction: none

Special details

Experimental. The low-temperature data was collected with the Oxford Cryosystems Cobra low-temperature attachment.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.694874 (18)	0.12795 (3)	0.64129 (3)	0.03146 (8)
S1	0.146818 (15)	0.24140 (2)	0.10615 (2)	0.01365 (6)
O1	0.41411 (6)	0.06452 (10)	0.11049 (9)	0.02515 (17)
O2	0.17263 (6)	0.28771 (8)	-0.01531 (8)	0.02080 (15)
O3	0.07539 (5)	0.30583 (8)	0.14463 (8)	0.01865 (14)
N1	0.31124 (5)	0.20818 (9)	0.23227 (9)	0.01581 (15)
N2	0.23293 (5)	0.26798 (9)	0.24403 (9)	0.01551 (15)
C1	0.47774 (7)	0.08266 (11)	0.23401 (11)	0.02019 (19)
C2	0.56194 (8)	0.03165 (13)	0.24406 (13)	0.0267 (2)
H2A	0.5731	-0.0121	0.1670	0.032*
C3	0.62907 (8)	0.04587 (13)	0.36843 (14)	0.0277 (2)
H3A	0.6850	0.0113	0.3751	0.033*
C4	0.61217 (7)	0.11203 (12)	0.48286 (13)	0.0234 (2)
C5	0.52935 (7)	0.16436 (11)	0.47481 (12)	0.02130 (19)
H5A	0.5191	0.2088	0.5522	0.026*
C6	0.46098 (6)	0.15033 (10)	0.34992 (11)	0.01791 (18)
C7	0.37483 (7)	0.20586 (11)	0.34673 (11)	0.01807 (18)
H7A	0.3655	0.2405	0.4294	0.022*
C8	0.13003 (6)	0.06529 (10)	0.09358 (10)	0.01422 (16)
C9	0.16949 (7)	-0.01247 (11)	0.00975 (11)	0.01837 (18)
H9A	0.2011	0.0290	-0.0460	0.022*
C10	0.16103 (7)	-0.15310 (11)	0.01051 (11)	0.01982 (19)
H10A	0.1873	-0.2056	-0.0453	0.024*
C11	0.11378 (6)	-0.21695 (10)	0.09355 (10)	0.01714 (17)
C12	0.07307 (7)	-0.13615 (11)	0.17433 (11)	0.01804 (18)
H12A	0.0400	-0.1773	0.2280	0.022*
C13	0.08123 (6)	0.00428 (10)	0.17580 (10)	0.01632 (17)
H13A	0.0545	0.0571	0.2308	0.020*

supplementary materials

C14	0.10817 (8)	-0.36948 (11)	0.09768 (13)	0.0235 (2)
H14A	0.1204	-0.4070	0.0150	0.035*
H14B	0.0499	-0.3958	0.1001	0.035*
H14C	0.1506	-0.4030	0.1805	0.035*
H1N2	0.2190 (11)	0.2514 (16)	0.3232 (17)	0.028 (4)*
H1O1	0.3722 (14)	0.093 (2)	0.120 (2)	0.050 (6)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.01936 (12)	0.03239 (16)	0.03641 (16)	-0.00588 (10)	-0.00283 (10)	0.01246 (12)
S1	0.01639 (11)	0.01291 (11)	0.01269 (10)	0.00087 (7)	0.00572 (8)	0.00034 (7)
O1	0.0244 (4)	0.0326 (5)	0.0194 (4)	0.0074 (3)	0.0076 (3)	0.0000 (3)
O2	0.0311 (4)	0.0184 (3)	0.0158 (3)	0.0000 (3)	0.0114 (3)	0.0026 (3)
O3	0.0183 (3)	0.0169 (3)	0.0220 (3)	0.0041 (3)	0.0076 (3)	-0.0002 (3)
N1	0.0157 (3)	0.0144 (4)	0.0188 (4)	0.0000 (3)	0.0072 (3)	-0.0004 (3)
N2	0.0154 (3)	0.0173 (4)	0.0151 (3)	-0.0003 (3)	0.0064 (3)	-0.0029 (3)
C1	0.0208 (4)	0.0195 (5)	0.0215 (4)	0.0030 (4)	0.0079 (4)	0.0043 (4)
C2	0.0249 (5)	0.0272 (6)	0.0307 (5)	0.0076 (4)	0.0123 (4)	0.0047 (4)
C3	0.0197 (4)	0.0264 (6)	0.0384 (6)	0.0053 (4)	0.0101 (4)	0.0096 (5)
C4	0.0170 (4)	0.0210 (5)	0.0300 (5)	-0.0019 (4)	0.0026 (4)	0.0084 (4)
C5	0.0191 (4)	0.0194 (5)	0.0244 (5)	-0.0022 (4)	0.0042 (4)	0.0019 (4)
C6	0.0170 (4)	0.0156 (4)	0.0214 (4)	-0.0002 (3)	0.0059 (3)	0.0021 (3)
C7	0.0181 (4)	0.0169 (4)	0.0195 (4)	-0.0008 (3)	0.0057 (3)	-0.0020 (3)
C8	0.0148 (4)	0.0136 (4)	0.0140 (4)	0.0000 (3)	0.0036 (3)	-0.0005 (3)
C9	0.0231 (4)	0.0164 (4)	0.0182 (4)	-0.0009 (3)	0.0099 (3)	-0.0018 (3)
C10	0.0238 (4)	0.0165 (4)	0.0207 (4)	0.0007 (4)	0.0087 (4)	-0.0033 (3)
C11	0.0168 (4)	0.0145 (4)	0.0179 (4)	-0.0004 (3)	0.0009 (3)	0.0000 (3)
C12	0.0169 (4)	0.0177 (4)	0.0201 (4)	-0.0017 (3)	0.0060 (3)	0.0019 (3)
C13	0.0158 (4)	0.0168 (4)	0.0176 (4)	0.0002 (3)	0.0067 (3)	-0.0004 (3)
C14	0.0267 (5)	0.0151 (4)	0.0265 (5)	-0.0005 (4)	0.0037 (4)	0.0006 (4)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C11—C4	1.7429 (12)	C5—H5A	0.9300
S1—O3	1.4296 (7)	C6—C7	1.4545 (14)
S1—O2	1.4386 (7)	C7—H7A	0.9300
S1—N2	1.6548 (9)	C8—C9	1.3905 (13)
S1—C8	1.7512 (10)	C8—C13	1.3954 (13)
O1—C1	1.3585 (14)	C9—C10	1.3895 (15)
O1—H1O1	0.75 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9300
N1—C7	1.2858 (13)	C10—C11	1.3965 (15)
N1—N2	1.3994 (11)	C10—H10A	0.9300
N2—H1N2	0.881 (17)	C11—C12	1.3982 (15)
C1—C2	1.3954 (15)	C11—C14	1.5037 (15)
C1—C6	1.4071 (15)	C12—C13	1.3866 (14)
C2—C3	1.3875 (18)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9300
C3—C4	1.3886 (18)	C14—H14A	0.9600

C3—H3A	0.9300	C14—H14B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.3838 (15)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C5—C6	1.4010 (14)		
O3—S1—O2	120.16 (5)	C1—C6—C7	122.79 (9)
O3—S1—N2	103.86 (4)	N1—C7—C6	121.51 (9)
O2—S1—N2	106.09 (5)	N1—C7—H7A	119.2
O3—S1—C8	110.03 (5)	C6—C7—H7A	119.2
O2—S1—C8	109.02 (5)	C9—C8—C13	120.99 (9)
N2—S1—C8	106.73 (4)	C9—C8—S1	120.16 (7)
C1—O1—H1O1	107.2 (16)	C13—C8—S1	118.73 (7)
C7—N1—N2	115.26 (8)	C10—C9—C8	119.01 (9)
N1—N2—S1	114.07 (6)	C10—C9—H9A	120.5
N1—N2—H1N2	115.8 (11)	C8—C9—H9A	120.5
S1—N2—H1N2	110.5 (11)	C9—C10—C11	121.19 (9)
O1—C1—C2	117.97 (10)	C9—C10—H10A	119.4
O1—C1—C6	122.12 (9)	C11—C10—H10A	119.4
C2—C1—C6	119.91 (10)	C10—C11—C12	118.60 (9)
C3—C2—C1	120.33 (11)	C10—C11—C14	120.60 (10)
C3—C2—H2A	119.8	C12—C11—C14	120.79 (10)
C1—C2—H2A	119.8	C13—C12—C11	121.08 (9)
C2—C3—C4	119.61 (10)	C13—C12—H12A	119.5
C2—C3—H3A	120.2	C11—C12—H12A	119.5
C4—C3—H3A	120.2	C12—C13—C8	119.10 (9)
C5—C4—C3	121.01 (11)	C12—C13—H13A	120.4
C5—C4—C11	118.60 (10)	C8—C13—H13A	120.4
C3—C4—C11	120.38 (9)	C11—C14—H14A	109.5
C4—C5—C6	119.90 (11)	C11—C14—H14B	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	120.0	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C6—C5—H5A	120.0	C11—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C6—C1	119.23 (9)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	117.98 (9)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C7—N1—N2—S1	-167.94 (8)	C5—C6—C7—N1	173.45 (10)
O3—S1—N2—N1	177.60 (7)	C1—C6—C7—N1	-7.19 (16)
O2—S1—N2—N1	-54.83 (8)	O3—S1—C8—C9	155.84 (8)
C8—S1—N2—N1	61.33 (8)	O2—S1—C8—C9	22.10 (10)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-179.18 (11)	N2—S1—C8—C9	-92.09 (8)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.77 (17)	O3—S1—C8—C13	-28.14 (9)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.41 (18)	O2—S1—C8—C13	-161.88 (8)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.12 (18)	N2—S1—C8—C13	83.93 (8)
C2—C3—C4—C11	178.67 (9)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-1.10 (15)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.28 (17)	S1—C8—C9—C10	174.83 (8)
C11—C4—C5—C6	-178.53 (8)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.05 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.08 (16)	C9—C10—C11—C12	1.41 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C7	179.47 (10)	C9—C10—C11—C14	-177.60 (10)
O1—C1—C6—C5	179.34 (10)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-1.86 (15)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.60 (16)	C14—C11—C12—C13	177.14 (10)
O1—C1—C6—C7	-0.01 (16)	C11—C12—C13—C8	0.84 (15)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-179.95 (10)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.66 (15)

supplementary materials

N2—N1—C7—C6

-178.29 (9)

S1—C8—C13—C12

-175.32 (8)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O1—H1O1 \cdots N1	0.75 (2)	2.00 (2)	2.6690 (13)	149 (2)
N2—H1N2 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.881 (16)	1.961 (17)	2.8375 (12)	172.8 (17)
C7—H7A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.59	3.3679 (14)	142
C10—H10A \cdots Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.82	3.7256 (12)	164
C12—H12A \cdots O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.48	3.3549 (14)	157

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (iii) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.

Fig. 1

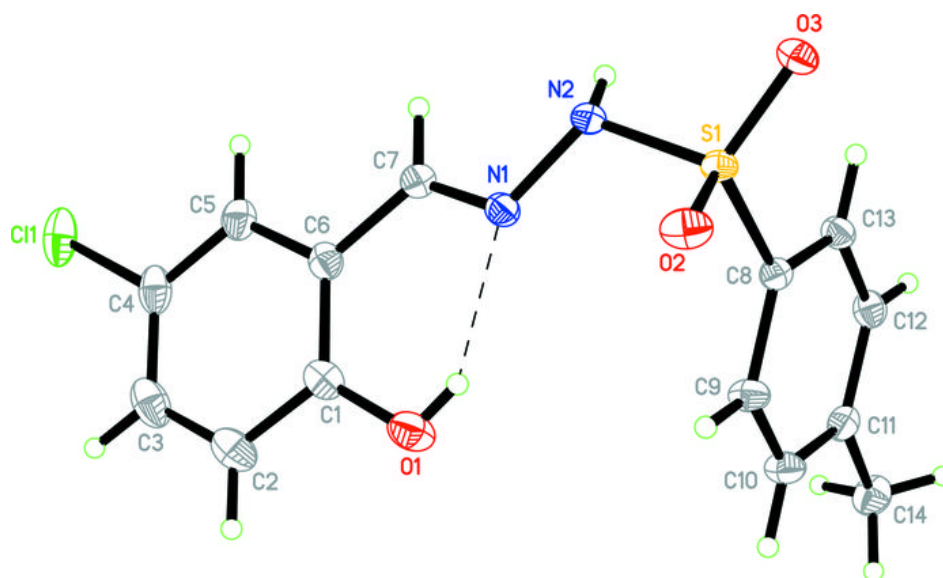


Fig. 2

